

UNESCO CATEGORY 2 CENTRE ON WORLD NATURAL HERITAGE MANAGEMENT AND TRAINING FOR ASIA & THE PACIFIC REGION AT WILDLIFE INSTITUTE OF INDIA, DEHRADUN



United Nations Educational, Scientific and Cultural Organization



World Heritage



World Natural Heritage
Management and Training
for Asia and the Pacific Region



annual report **2015–16**



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FROM THE DIRECTOR'S DESK

With an aim to effectively realise the objectives of the UNESCO World Heritage Convention, the UNESCO and the Government of India decided to establish at the Wildlife Institute of India a UNESCO Category 2 Centre (C2C) on World Natural Heritage Management and Training for Asia and the Pacific Region. The Centre at WII is the world's first centre dealing with Natural World Heritage with the mission to strengthen implementation of the World Heritage Convention in Asia and the Pacific Region by building the capacity of all world natural heritage stakeholders through training, research, dissemination of information and network building.

It is a privilege for me to present the first Annual Report of UNESCO Category 2 Centre on World Natural Heritage Management and Training for Asia and the Pacific region for the year 2015-16. In the first year of its establishment, the Centre has successfully achieved its targets in line with the mandate of enhancing implementation of the Convention by supporting nomination and maintenance of World Heritage Properties, capacity building, research and monitoring, and outreach programmes. The Centre has conducted thematic trainings and workshops on Disaster Risk Reduction, Open Standards for Conservation and Management, Coastal and Marine sites, and Ecotourism in Natural World Heritage Sites. More than 600 World Heritage professionals and other stakeholders from Asia and the Pacific region have participated in these capacity building programmes. In addition, the Centre has conducted outreach activities with students particularly youth to encourage them to support World Natural Heritage.

The Centre has provided advisory and technical support in the nomination process and monitoring and evaluation of sites through, inter alia, preparation of nomination dossiers and state of conservation reports. I am pleased to state that the Centre has provided technical support to Odisha State Forest Department in preparation of Nomination Dossier of Bhitarkanika Conservation Area, Odisha, India for its inscription on UNESCO World Heritage List. The Centre is also bringing out its own in-house quarterly bulletin on natural heritage sites of Asia and the Pacific.

I invite you to join us in the nascent Centre's journey towards supporting and conserving Natural World Heritage in Asia and the Pacific Region.

(Dr. V. B. Mathur)



On 2nd September, 2015, the Indian Cabinet of Ministers, chaired by Honorable Prime Minister, Mr. Narendra Modi formally approved the proposal for signing the MoU for establishment of the UNESCO Category 2 Centre (C2C) at Wildlife Institute of India. With this agreement, the C2C is committed to carry forward the agenda of capacity building and training for Natural Heritage Site management in the Asia-Pacific region [Annexure-1].

The Governing Body meeting held earlier on April 8th, 2015 approved the Annual Work Programme 2015-16 of the UNESCO C2C at WII. The Centre has started functioning and has accomplished annual work programmes for the years 2014-15 and 2015-16.



MISSION AND OBJECTIVES

The Centre's mission is to strengthen implementation of World Heritage Convention in Asia and the Pacific Region by building the capacity of all those professionals and bodies involved with Natural Heritage site inscription, protection, conservation and management in Asia and the Pacific region, through training, research, dissemination of information and network building. The overall objective is to focus on Natural Heritage conservation issues with the aim to:





contribute to the strengthening of capacities in the management of Natural World Heritage in the region;



contribute to achieving a more balanced representation of properties from Asia and the Pacific on the World Heritage List:



raise awareness among the general public and the youth in particular of the importance of Natural World Heritage and the need to protect it; and

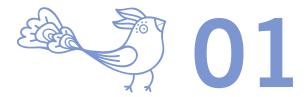


Foster international cooperation on Natural World Heritage initiatives.









NOMINATIONS/DOSSIERS

A key objective of the Centre is to contribute towards enhancing representation of properties on the World Heritage List. Towards this end, the Centre offers technical support to State Parties in the process of nomination of World Heritage Sites.

The Operational Guidelines of the World Heritage Convention have elaborate provisions for nomination of properties on the World Heritage List. The first step is for a State Party to make an 'inventory' of its important natural and cultural heritage sites termed as Tentative List. Thereafter, the State Party has to prepare an exhaustive nomination file for a site which is submitted to the World Heritage Centre for review and to check it is complete. Once a nomination file is complete, the World Heritage Centre sends it to the appropriate Advisory Bodies for evaluation. A nominated property is independently evaluated (both by review of the nomination file and by site visit) by two Advisory Bodies mandated by the World Heritage Convention: the International Council on Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS) for cultural sites and the International Union for Conservation of Nature (IUCN) for natural sites.

Once a site has been nominated and evaluated, the intergovernmental World Heritage Committee makes the final decision on its inscription. Once a year, the Committee meets to decide which sites will be inscribed on the World Heritage List. It can also defer its decision and request further information on sites (a process called 'refer') from the States Parties. To be included on the World Heritage List, sites must have outstanding universal value and meet at least one out of ten selection criteria (six cultural and four natural criteria). A full nomination cycle from Tentative List to final inscription may take a minimum of two-and-a-half years or more.





Ajaz Hussain



NOMINATIONS/ DOSSIERS





Stakeholder Consultation for inscription of Bhitarkanika Conservation Area as UNESCO World Heritage Site (11th August, 2015)

In January, 2016 the completed nomination Dossier for inscription of Bhitarkanika conservation area on the World Heritage List was successfully submitted to UNESCO, Paris by the State Party of India. The comprehensive dossier was prepared by UNESCO C2C team with support from Odisha Forest department. As part of the consultative process, a workshop was held in Gupti, Rajnagar with a view to create awareness and also interact with local stakeholders for designation of Bhitarkanika Conservation Area (BCA) as a UNESCO World Heritage Site [Annexure 2]. A total of 45

individual stakeholders, local communities (EDC/ VSS/ PRI etc), NGOs, hospitality sector, Govt. Depts., Forest Department and media attended the consultative workshop. The overall objectives of the workshop were:

- To sensitize the people living around the BCA
- To learn from knowledge and experience of the local people
- To foster a sense of ownership in them
- To seek their help and support in the process



Consultative Workshop for preparation of Nomination Dossier for Inscription of Keibul Lamjao Conservation Area as UNESCO World Heritage Site (19th - 22nd December, 2015)

1.B

Keibul Lamjao National Park in the Northeastern state of Manipur, India represents an extraordinary story of natural antiquity, diversity, beauty and human attachment. The Manipur state government intends to inscribe Keibul Lamjao along with the surrounding area of Loktak Lake as a UNESCO World Heritage Site, for which it sought the technical help of UNESCO C2C. In this regard, the first stakeholder consultation workshop and on-site assessment was undertaken by a team of UNESCO C2C and invited experts between 19 -22nd December, 2015 at Imphal, Manipur. The participants at the workshop comprised inhabitants of villages near the Park, local NGOs, school teachers, local government members, media representatives among others. The programme was organized by the Forest Department of Manipur and the UNESCO C2C, Wildlife Institute of India, Dehra Dun.

On the next day i.e. 21st December, 2015, a stakeholder consultation was held at Forest Head Office, Sanjenthong in Imphal for the purpose of nomination of the Park as a World Heritage Site. The participants at the workshop comprised officers from Government line departments (Water Resources,



Tourism, Forest), NGOs, Manipur University, Agriculture University, Loktak Development Authority, print and electronic media representatives among others. One of the major outcomes of this consultation workshop was the demarcation of the boundary for the proposed WHS area. Based on the local experts views, the total area of the property would comprise the core area of Keibul Lamjao National Park (KLNP) (40 km²) and a buffer of Loktak Lake (140 km²) and Pumlen Pat (43 km²) [Annexure 3].



Nomination of Kailash Sacred Landscape as UNESCO **World Heritage Site (27th January, 2016)**

The Kailash Sacred Landscape Conservation and Development Initiative (KSLCDI) is a transboundary collaborative programme between China, India, and Nepal. It has evolved through a participatory, iterative process among various local and national research and development institutions within these countries. The Kailash Sacred Landscape (KSL) consists of a trans-boundary landscape that spreads over the borders of these three countries along their western tri-juncture, with holy Mt Kailash and Lake Manasarovar as the pivot. In China, KSL spreads over a large part of the Pulan County of the Tibetan Autonomous Region (TAR), China. In India, KSL spreads over the central and northern reaches of district Pithoragarh. In Nepal, the Kailash Sacred Landscape spreads over the districts of Humla, Bajhang, Darchula, and Baitadi. All in all, these regions of China, India, and Nepal are adjacent to each other and show great ecological and historic cultural transboundary linkages. KSLCDI aims to achieve long-term conservation of ecosystems, habitats, and biodiversity while encouraging sustainable development, enhancing the resilience of communities and safeguarding the cultural linkages between local populations at the trans-boundary scale in the KSL. Overall, KSLCDI has been designed by and is being implemented with partner institutions in three countries, including ministries, state agencies,



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scientific institutions, NGOs and the private sector. The International Center for Integrated Mountain Development (ICIMOD), an intergovernmental, apolitical knowledge hub based in Kathmandu, is synergizing and stewarding the institutions involved, ensuring uniform approaches in long-term socio-ecological monitoring, and devising livelihood-enhancing intervention strategies at the local and the landscape level. In the same process emphasis was given on the scope for nominating KSL as a World Heritage Site (WHS) of UNESCO. The guiding idea was that this WHS property will not be just limited to the iconic core sites of Mt. Kailash



and Lake Manasarovar in TAR, China, but will also enlist cultural/historic sites along the southern routes leading to this sacred region through the KSL parts of India and Nepal. Dr. Edwin Marshall Bernbaum, a globally renowned expert on cultural landscapes in mountain regions, has been working as a senior consultant for KSLCDI since February 2015 to prepare the ground for the application of KSL for a UNESCO WHS status. Hence Wildlife Institute of India in collaboration with ICIMOD hosted a scoping session for the nomination of KSL as a transboundary WHS on January 27, 2016. The key objectives of the session were:

- Shedding light on the potential of KSL to become a UNESCO WHS, and how would it be beneficial for the communities residing in the landscape.
- Providing clarity on the key steps involved in the process to nominate KSL as a UNESCO WHS, and finding the relevant institutions to be engaged in this process.
- Brainstorming on what is the immediate path ahead (a roadmap to initiate the process in KSL Nepal), and how local stakeholdership can be included in this process.

Various Government and Non Government agencies like The Ministry of Culture, Uttarakhand State Government, The Ministry of Tourism, Uttarakhand State Government, State-level officials concerned with the annual Kailash-Manasarovar Yatra, State-level officials of The Archeological Survey of India, State-level representatives from INTACH participated in one day session held at WII.

The major outcome of this consultative workshop was to initiate a dialogue for declaring Kailash Sacred Landscape as a World Heritage Site. Further action in this inscription would be taken after due approval from the concerned Ministries of the Government of India.



Consultation held for inscribing Garo hills as UNESCO **World Heritage Site (23-25 February, 2016)**

The first ever Garo Hills Elephant Reserve Action Plan workshop was conducted at Tura from 23-25 February, 2016. The workshop was organized by Meghalaya Forest Department in collaboration with CIFAE (The Conservation Initiative for Asian Elephants) International **Elephant Foundation and UNESCO Category 2 Centre on World** Natural Heritage Site Management and Training for the Asia-Pacific Region at Wildlife Institute of India.

The three main objectives of the workshop were as follows:



To bring eminent people working for wildlife conservation in Garo Hills together and come up with a strategy and action Plan for Garo Hills Elephant Reserve.



To create conservation awareness and reach out to local community members to take steps for protecting elephants.

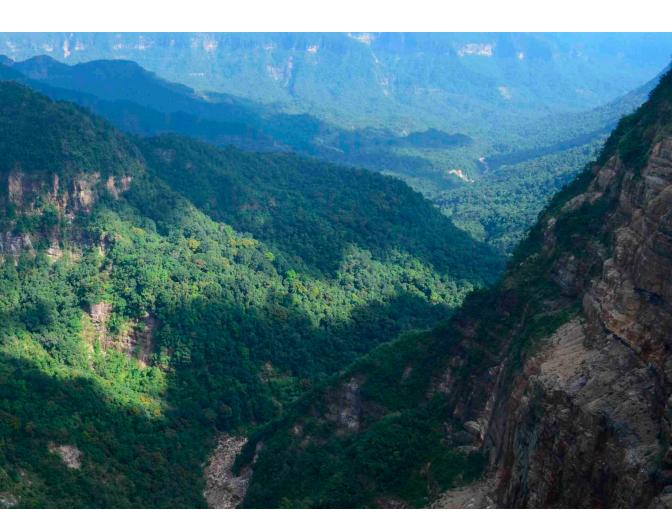


To discuss and take local community's views on the possibility of Garo Hills Elephant Reserve as a **UNESCO** World Heritage Site.



More than 150 Nokmas (Village headmen) from 100 Akhings (Local Land Area) were able to actively participate in the workshop. Eminent experts included Mr. T.T.C. Marak, former-PCCF Meghalaya, Mr. C. Budhnah, PCCF& HOFF, Forest Department, Meghalaya; Dr. Subhash Ashutosh, IFS (APPCF, Meghalaya), Mr. Ron Chandler, CIFAE USA, Dr. Kashmira Kakati, Sandeep Tiwari, Wildlife Trust of India; Mr. Dwipen Kalita, Independent elephant expert, Mr. Hiten Baishya, Mr. Kamal Medhi and Dr. G. Areendran, WWF-India, Dr. Shalini Sharma, TISS Guwahati, Mr. Atul Chakravarty, NERCOMP and Dr. Ajay Desai, Dr. Sonali Ghosh from Wildlife Institute of India [Annexure-4].











CAPACITY BUILDING TRAINING AND WORKSHOPS

Among the core functions of the Centre is to conduct short and long term capacity-building activities, including workshops, courses and international conferences. The Centre's mandate to contribute to the strengthening of capacities in the conservation and management of natural World Heritage is derived from the "World Heritage Capacity Building Strategy" which is based on the World Heritage Committee's focus on capacity building as one of its five strategic objectives (the 5Cs: credibility, conservation, communication, capacity building and community). The purpose of this strategy is to provide a framework which favours the development of effective actions and programmes to strengthen or develop capacities of practitioners, institutions, communities and networks for the conservation and management of World Heritage.

The World Heritage Capacity Building Strategy also foresees UNESCO Category 2 Centres in the regions working on World Heritage issues as appropriate institutions to take the lead in developing a regional capacity building strategy and associated programmes for strengthening capacities at the regional level.







CAPACITY BUILDING TRAINING AND WORKSHOPS





International Workshop and Training on the Role of Natural World Heritage Sites in Disaster Risk Reduction (24th- 28th August, 2015)



An intensive workshop and training programme was organised from 24th - 28th August, 2015 with funding support from FAO-India office. The overall objective of the workshop was to strengthen and build capacity of key stakeholders associated with World Natural Heritage Sites in the Asia-Pacific Region. The workshop was attended by over 150 participants from 10 countries viz. Nepal, India, Bhutan, Thailand, Myanmar, Malaysia, Myanmar, Sri Lanka, Vietnam and Indonesia. Over 25 World Heritage Sites from Asia and India were represented by site managers, scientists, NGO representatives, students and researchers. The team of eminent speakers included more than 30 resource persons from UNESCO (South Asia, Paris and Kathmandu

offices), National Disaster Management Authority Govt of India, UN-SPIDER, UNISDR, IUCN, Tata Institute of Social Sciences Jamsetji Tata Centre for Disaster Management, King's College London, Indian National Trust for Art and Cultural Heritage and Indian Institute of Remote Sensing. The major outcome of the workshop and training has been a more sensitised team of site managers, policy makers and practitioners who now recognise the need to integrate and understand the two way linkages between DRR and natural heritage. A comprehensive network of site managers and documentation has been compiled which shall guide further studies and capacity building initiatives of the UNESCO C2C in the Asia-Pacific Region [Annexure 5].







An 'International Training Workshop on Open Standards for the Practice of Conservation in World Natural Heritage Sites for SAARC Countries' was organised from 1st to 4th December, 2015. The workshop was jointly funded by Uttarakhand State Council for Science and Technology (UCOST). The Open Standards

brought together common concepts, approaches, and terminology in conservation project design, management, and monitoring in order to help practitioners improve their capacity for developing and monitoring conservation plans for their respective sites. A total of 26 participants representing World Heritage Sites from SAARC countries, including India, attended the workshop. The workshop was facilitated by resource persons from Wild Team (http://www.wildteam.org/) United Kingdom. Financial support was provided by the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change, Government of India and Uttarakhand State Council for Science and Technology (UCOST), Dehradun [Annexure 6].







Enhancing Capacity for Effective Management of Coastal and Marine World Heritage Sites of the Asia-Pacific Region (26th-28th February, 2016)

A Training Workshop on 'Enhancing Capacity for Effective Management of Coastal and Marine World Heritage Sites of the Asia-Pacific Region' was organized on 26th to 28th, February, 2016 at Sunderbans National Park & World Heritage Site, West Bengal, India. This workshop was jointly organized and funded by UNESCO C2C, Wildlife institute of India, German Agency for International Cooperation (GIZ) and West Bengal Forest Department. The workshop was mainly intended to build capacity of various stakeholders to enhance the participatory management of Marine Protected Areas in India with following objectives:

- Sensitize the participants to the existing policy and legal issues, international guidelines and framework of management planning concerning Coastal and Marine WHS.
- Equip the site managers to deal with disaster events and adopt

risk reduction strategies.

- Introduce the concept of 'climate proofing', management of climate change and adoption of mitigation measures.
- Sharing of experiences and best practices in Coastal & Marine WHS management in the region
- To evolve a road map towards effective management of Coastal & Marine WHS in the region.

Globally renowned eminent resource persons with specific domain expertise participated in the workshop. Among the panel of resource persons were Mr. David Sheppard, Former Director General, and Secretariat of the Pacific Regional Environment Programme (SPREP), Mr. Stuart Chape (Director, Biodiversity and Ecosystem Management, SPREP) etc. Managers of sites from Bangladesh and Maldives also attended the workshop along with Protected Area Managers from India [Annexure-7].



Ecotourism in Uttarakhand: Responding to Environmental and Social Change (3rd-5th March, 2016)

The University of Montana (UMT) in collaboration with the UNESCO C2C organised a "Workshop on Ecotourism in Uttarakhand:
Responding to Environmental and Social Change" at the Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun, India

from 3rd to 5th March, 2016
[Annexure-8]. The aim of the workshop was to assess the needs for ecotourism development in Uttarakhand in the context of rapid environmental and social changes occurring in the State and initiate a

process for the development of a long term road map for ecotourism development in Uttarakhand. The workshop was led by Dr Keith Bosak and Dr Jennifer Thomsen, Associate Professors, College of Forestry and Conservation, University of Montana, USA. Dr. Bosak has been working in Uttarakhand on ecotourism development and protected areas research since 2001. 52 participants attended the programme included representatives from the Uttarakhand Forest/Tourism/International Fund for Agricultural Development (EXPAND) Project Departments, NGOs, community-based organizations, ecotourism entrepreneurs, university research scholars, UNDP, FRI and WII. The Honourable Minister, Forest and Wildlife, Government of Uttarakhand, Mr. Dinesh Agarwal was the Chief Guest at the Inaugural Session of the Workshop. Key sessions of the

workshop included experience sharing on ecotourism in Uttarakhand by government, civil society and researcher participants. Other technical sessions were designed to: 1) understand why ecotourism is being pursued, 2) identify benefits and challenges to ecotourism in the region, and 3) what is needed to successfully manage ecotourism in the future. Various methods such as lecturedemonstrations and participatory group activity were used for conducting the workshop. Major outcome of the workshop was development of awareness and understanding among ecotourism stakeholders in Uttarakhand. To build on the efforts of the workshop, an International Ecotourism Conference is being planned for October-November, 2016 in Dehradun, Uttarakhand.

Appreciating Training Programme on Economic Valuation of Ecosystem Services (14th-17th March, 2016)

2.E

An 'Appreciating Training Programme on Economic Valuation of Ecosystem Services' was organized jointly by the UNESCO C2C and Deutsche Gesellschaft Für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) GmbH at Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun. The training started with an inaugural session during which the relevance of the training was highlighted by Dr. G. S. Rawat, Dean of Wildlife Sciences, Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun and Mr. Ravindra Singh, Senior Advisor, Indo German Biodiversity Programme - GIZ, New Delhi. The theme of the programme was

established on the backdrop created by field based research undertaken by The Economics of Ecosystems and Biodiversity - India Initiative (TEEB- India Initiative) as the need for incorporating economics based and ecosystem services approaches to addressing policy challenges in conservation and sustainable use of biodiversity and ecosystem services was felt. The instructors for the training were Ms. Kim Bonine, Training Director - Conservation Strategy Fund, California and Dr. Alejandro von Bertrab, Advisor -Values, GIZ, Germany. The objective

of the programme was to familiarize the participants with the basics of economic valuation of ecosystem services through modules of Values project and Conservation Strategy Fund (CSF). The module of the training was designed to balance between theory and practice on each day of the training. The participants greatly valued the inputs on the topics like fundamentals of economics, market forces, environmental externalities and market failures, understanding of ecosystem services, environmental valuation and overview of cost benefit analysis. The highpoint of the training was when the participants were exposed to situational exercises and plan strategies to do economic evaluation of an area. The exercise on stimulation of market was both innovative and a good learning experience. The training programme was attended by 25 participants from reputed national institutions like

CASFOS - Coimbatore, Zoological Survey of India, Botanical Survey of India, Uttarakhand Forest Department, Wildlife Institute of India, IUCN - New Delhi, Indian Institute of Forest Management -Bhopal and Forest Research Institute - Dehradun and international agencies like UNESCO Category 2 Centre - India, WWF - India and GIZ -New Delhi. The participant group had combination of scientists, professionals, foresters and researchers having diverse background from applied to social sciences. The concluding session of the training programme was chaired by Dr. V. B. Mathur. Director. Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun. He highlighted the importance of such training and the need to maintain the continuity of such programmes for building capacity of trainers to support conservation efforts [Annexure-9].



A review of Rights based Approach and World Heritage Sites

International Council on Monuments and Sites (ICOMOS) India and UNESCO Category 2 Centre at Wildlife Institute of India collaborated on a project for "Building Capacity to Support Rights Based Approach in the World Heritage Convention: Learning from Practice - India" during June-July 2015. The project was an outcome of a short term activity for the RBA (Rights Based Approach) -supported by the Ministry of Climate and Environment, Norway and ICOMOS Norway. The

aim of the project was to undertake national consultations to identify and map experiences with issues pertaining to addressing rights in field of heritage management with specific focus on World Heritage (WH). The main objective was to devise methodologies to build capacity to support rights based approach and analyze good practices in the World Heritage Convention.

Five World Heritage Sites in India, both cultural and natural were

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selected for research as case studies for the purpose of this project. These are:

- i. Western Ghats, Maharashtra (Natural property, Inscribed)
- ii. Champaner- Pavagarh
 Archaeological Park (Cultural
 property, Inscribed)
- iii. Mahabodhi Temple complex at Bodhgaya (Cultural property, Inscribed)
- iv. Sri Harmandir Sahib, Amritsar (Cultural property)
- v. Khangchendzonga National Park (Mixed site, Tentative list)

UNESCO C2C at Wildlife Institute of India contributed case-studies for two sites, namely, Western Ghats and Khangchendzonga National Park. The Centre was represented by Dr. V. B. Mathur, Director, Wildlife Institute of India, and members from UNESCO C2C viz. Dr. Malvika Onial, Scientist-E; Mr. Niraj Kakati, Technical Officer; Ms. Persis Farooqy, World Heritage Assistant and Mr. Dhruv Verma, World Heritage Assistant [Annexure-10].

Promoting indigenous communities to undertake digital documentation of heritage sites under the aegis of Green Hub

2.G

Green Hub (http://www.northeastnet work.org/wp-content/uploads/2015/11/Green-Hub-Application-Form-2016-.pdf) is a youth and community-based video documentation centre for recording environmental and people biodiversity in the North East Region, with a vision to engage and empower the youth and community in conservation of biodiversity through an innovative model of using the visual medium to renew and revive love and respect for nature and its resources.

The purpose of this partnership is to establish a cooperative working relationship between both the Parties for planning and developing films, documentaries, photographic and audio-visual products on inscribed and tentatively listed World Heritage

Sites in Northeast India.

The activities included under the partnership were:

Capacity building training and orientation on UNESCO World Heritage Site issues and information by C2C in GreenHub, Tezpur - The Training Workshop was held at Tezpur, Assam on 22nd-23rd June. 2015. Three resource persons from UNESCO C2C were nominated to impart the training, namely, Niraj Kakati (Technical Officer), Anukul Nath (Assistant Technical Officer) and Persis Farooqy (World Heritage Assistant). They provided detailed inputs on various aspects of Natural World Heritage Sites with a special focus on Manas and Kaziranga in Assam.

ii. Financial support to Green Hub interns for carrying out digital documentation in Kaziranga and Manas - Two interns were provided stipend. Their main focus was to video and image document in two World Heritage Sites of Northeast India i.e. Kaziranga National Park and Manas National Park in Assam. They spent over 6 months in the field to capture the OUVs of the sites.

2.H

Internship and Fellowship

UNESCO Category 2 Centre on World Natural Heritage Management and Training for Asia and the Pacific Region was set up as an autonomous centre at Wildlife Institute of India, with a mission is to strengthen implementation of the World Heritage Convention in Asia and the Pacific Region by building the capacity of those professionals and bodies involved with World Natural Heritage Site inscription, protection, conservation and management in Asia and the Pacific Region, through training, research, dissemination of information and network-building. As a part of the Centre's function, it is important to undertake research on

identified priority areas related to Natural World Heritage protection and management, with particular focus on models of community participation. With this goal, postgraduates from reputed institutes and universities are engaged to take up their internship at the Centre.

Currently, Pavei K Arnold, M.Sc in Natural Resources Management from Doon University, Dehradun is serving as an intern. His topic for dissertation is 'Study on Phumdis Proliferation: Effects on the Loktak Lake and the Lakeshore Communities, Manipur'.



First IPBES Capacity Building Forum (19th- 22nd October, 2015)

The First Intergovernmental Platform on Biodiversity and Ecosystem Services (IPBES) Capacity Building Forum was hosted by the Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun with technical and logistic support of the UNESCO C2C India from 19-22 October, 2015. Nearly 75 participants from 50 countries actively participated in the workshop. The first meeting of the Forum was aimed to promote dialogue amongst

receivers, implementers and funders of capacity-building activities. The meeting explored opportunities for cooperation on aligned investments in capacity building needs, further partnerships for piloting and delivering the IPBES capacity building programme and plan further action, including preparation for future meetings of the forum. The Forum was chaired by Dr. Zakri Abdul Hamid, IPBES Founding Chair,

Science Advisor to Malaysia's Prime Minister and member of the UN Secretary General's Scientific Advisory Board [Annexure 11].

Short term training for frontline staff of GHNPCA World Heritage Site (8th-10th March, 2016)

2.J

UNESCO C2C organized a training programme from 8th- 10th March, 2016 for capacity building training and development of skills and knowledge of wildlife habitat management, population estimation survey/ census methods in the Himalayas and wildlife crime controlforensic tools of the front line staff of Great Himalayan National Park Circle. This programme was attended by 29 forest staff members including ACF, Range Forest officers and Forest

Guards of GHNP circle. The overall objective of this training programme was to introduce the staff to simple wildlife monitoring techniques which they can use to assess and manage the OUV (Outstanding Universal Values) listed for the World Heritage Site. The 3-days programme included lectures by WII faculty members followed by group exercise on statement of OUVs and field visit to Rajaji National Park [Annexure-12].

Training and Capacity Building of C2C Staff

2.J

• Dr. Malvika Onial, Scientist at the UNESCO C2C India, participated in the conference "The UNESCO World Heritage and the Role of Civil Society" organized by World Heritage Watch in Bonn (Germany) on the 26-27th June 2015. Following a two day conference, attended by more than 120 representatives of civil society organizations from all over the world, featuring about 50 presentations of different experiences and activities of civil sector in the field of World Heritage protection, the participants issued a Statement/Resolution on Civil Society Participation in the

Implementation of the World Heritage Convention. The Statement/Resolution calls for the recognition of the contribution of civil society organizations to the good governance of the Convention



and urges the WH Committee to explore opportunities for strengthening civil society participation in the implementation of the Convention.

- UNESCO C2C team members attended a weekly webinar for 4 weeks on Introduction to Remote Sensing for Conservation Management. (https://arset.gsfc.nasa.gov/ecofor ecasting/webinars/introductionremote-sensing-conservationmanagement).
- Ms. Persis Farooqy, World
 Heritage Assistant, gave a talk on
 'World Heritage Sites An
 overview' at the Heritage
 Workshop, 16th-18th August 2015
 organized by Centre of Urban
 Design and Development (CUDD),
 Indian Institute of Technology,
 Roorkee, Uttarakhand.
- Articles on World Natural Heritage Sites of India - GHNP, Nandadevi and Western Ghats contributed by Ms. Jyoti Negi (World Heritage Assistant), were published in Saevus Wildlife Magazine.
- Ms. Jyoti Negi, World Heritage
 Assistant participated in the 3rd
 Course on Wildlife Conservation
 for Wildlife Enthusiasts (5th 14th
 October, 2015) organized by the
 Wildlife Institute of India,
 Dehradun.
- Photographs of Western Ghats clicked by Mr. Anukul Nath

- (Assistant Technical Officer) were selected in Saevus Wildlife Magazine.
- Second National Conference for free and open source software for Geo-Spatial (FOSS 4 G- India, 2015) on Open Source Geo Spatial tools in Climate Change research and National Resource Management at IIRS Dehradun was attended by Mr. Chitiz Joshi (Assistant Technical Officer) and Ms. Rupa (World Heritage Assistant), June 9-10, 2015.



 A National Workshop on Capacity Building of States and UTs with Sites on Tentative List for future nomination as World Heritage was organised by Archaeological Survey of India, Dr. Sonali Ghosh (IFS, Scientist F, UNESCO C2C) and Mr. Dhruv Verma (World Heritage Assistant) participated in the Workshop, 10th April, 2015.





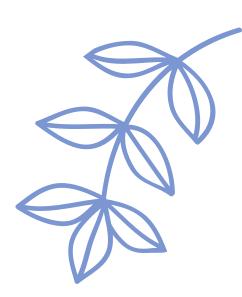






ADVISORY SERVICES

The Centre offers advisory services and technical inputs on World Natural Heritage issues, including for conservation and management of World Heritage Sites, State of Conservation reports, State Party interventions at World Heritage Centre sessions among others to Central and State Governments of India, other countries on request, UNESCO Advisory Bodies and other relevant institutions.





O3 ADVISORY SERVICES





Scientists from UNESCO C2C India participated in and provided inputs on World Natural Heritage issues in the Advisory Committee on World Heritage Matters (ACWHM) constituted by the Government of India.



Technical Support to States for SOC preparation (GHNPCA, Keoladeo National Park and Manas Wildlife Sanctuary)

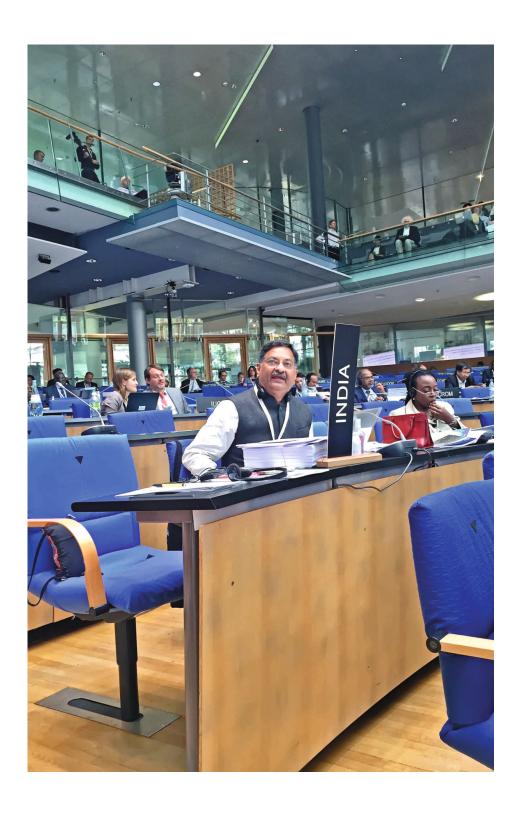
UNESCO C2C provided technical back stopping to states, Himachal Pradesh for Great Himalayan National Park Conservation Area (GHNPCA) [Annexure 12A], Rajasthan for Keoladeo National Park (KNP) for preparation of State of Conservation (SoC) Report to be submitted to World Heritage Centre as per the deadline of February 1, 2016 and Assam for minor modifications to the boundaries of World Heritage Properties, Manas Wildlife Sanctuary (India) (N338) [Annexure 12B].

3.c International Interventions

Indian delegation attended the 39th World Heritage Committee Session that included the Director of UNESCO C2C at Wildlife Institute of India. As a Committee member since 2012, India had played an active role in bringing about transformational changes in the working of the World Heritage Convention. This trend continued in the 39th Session with India's interventions for reform in various rules and procedures. In particular, the C2C at WII also provided advisory support to the Indian delegation for intervention on discussions on the Great Barrier Reef World Heritage Site, Australia.













OUTREACH

A basic objective of the Centre is to raise awareness among the general public and youth, in particular of the importance of natural World Heritage and the need to protect it. This includes development of outreach and communication tools to explain the key concepts and processes of the World Heritage Convention and ensuring all stakeholders are able to make the most effective use of the Convention to support world heritage conservation. The World Heritage Committee also encourages raising awareness of the need to preserve World Heritage and supports the development of educational materials, activities and programmes towards this end.





04 OUTREACH





Celebration of World Heritage Day, 18th April, 2015

The UNESCO Category 2 Centre on World Natural Heritage Management and Training for Asia and the Pacific Region at Wildlife Institute of India, Dehradun, India celebrated World Heritage Day on its campus on 18th April, 2015 with great enthusiasm. With youth as the focus, the event was enriched with the presence of nearly 75 students from various schools in Dehradun such as Kasiga School, National Institute for the Visually Handicapped and The Asian School. The Event featured an introductory speech by Dr. P.K. Mathur, Dean, Faculty of Wildlife Science, WII who focused upon the diversity of Cultural and Natural Heritage sites in the Asia-Pacific region and the role of the students in their conservation. A presentation

featuring the rationale and background of UNESCO World Heritage Programme with excellent visuals of important World Heritage Sites of the Asia-Pacific region was also exhibited. This was followed by the main event of the day, the Quiz Competition on Biodiversity and Natural World Heritage. There was active participation by the students of all the three schools. A guided Nature Walk was organised on the Institute campus for the students to enhance their appreciation of Nature and its bountifulness and to encourage them for its preservation. On this occasion, the first issue of the Natural Heritage E-Bulletin brought out by the UNESCO C2C was also released [Annexure-13].





Celebration of World Environment Day, 5th June, 2015

4.B

The UNESCO C2C celebrated World Environment Day on 5th June, 2015 in its campus at Dehradun with great enthusiasm. To raise awareness amongst the youth, nearly 100 students from the Graphic Era University, Dehradun, India participated in the event. The main event was an extempore speech contest for the students who spoke on topics based on current environmental issues. The students also presented their activities for a 'Clean Dehradun' campaign with specific focus on waste management and eco friendly practices. Mr. J. D. Pati, an Indian Forest Service officer,

showcased his fascinating Philately collection and also gave a presentation on collection of postage stamps depicting biodiversity



from across the world. A guided nature walk inside the Institute's Campus was organised for the students & faculties of Graphic Era University to provide them an exposure to the natural surroundings of the WII campus. The objective was to enhance the awareness and motivate the young students towards biodiversity around us and its importance in maintaining a healthy ecosystem. On this occasion, the official website of UNESCO C2C was also launched, which aims at providing information about the objectives, functions and activities of UNESCO C2C India [Annexure-14].



Raising awareness amongst youth about world heritage conservation

As part of UNESCO C2C mandate, team members of UNESCO C2C India interacted with students of different Schools and Colleges (eg: Birsa Agricultural University Ranchi, Kathmandu College of Forestry, The Asian School, Kasiga School, National Institute for the Visually Handicapped, Graphic Era University, Dehradun etc in order to raise awareness amongst youth of the society. One of the objective of interacting with students was to make them aware about the importance of conserving world heritage sites, future perspectives of forestry and wildlife science.

Quarterly Bulletin - UNESCO C2C

The centre publishes a quarterly ebulletin that is a compilation of news and relevant articles pertaining to Natural World Heritage sites in the

Asia-Pacific region. 4 issues were published during 2015-16. The second issue of the Natural Heritage Bulletin, April -June, 2015, was also launched

on 3rd July, 2015 in a meeting of the focal points of C2Cs at the 39th Session of the World Heritage Committee at Bonn, Germany. Speaking on the occasion, Dr. V.B. Mathur, Director Wildlife Institute of India gave a presentation on the activities of the UNESCO C2C for World Natural Heritage Centre for Management and Training for Asia and the Pacific Region in India. He represented the Indian delegation that comprised of senior officials



from the Ministry of Environment, Forest and Climate Change and Archaeological Survey of India.



Selection of logo for UNESCO Category 2 Centre

An open call for logo design competition was issued on 1st June, 2015 and the advertisement along with necessary criteria was widely circulated through WII, Website, Facebook pages etc. A total of 35 entries were received, out of which ten best entries were subjected to doodle poll.

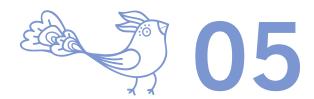
The winning logo has been created by Mr. Shubhranshu Maurya who hails from Lucknow and a freelance graphic designer. As a token of appreciation UNESCO C2C, WII offered him a prize money worth Rs. 7,500/-.The Logo is a combination of mountain, ocean, birds and flora that best represent the Natural Heritage Sites of the Asia-Pacific region.











RESEARCH & MONITORING

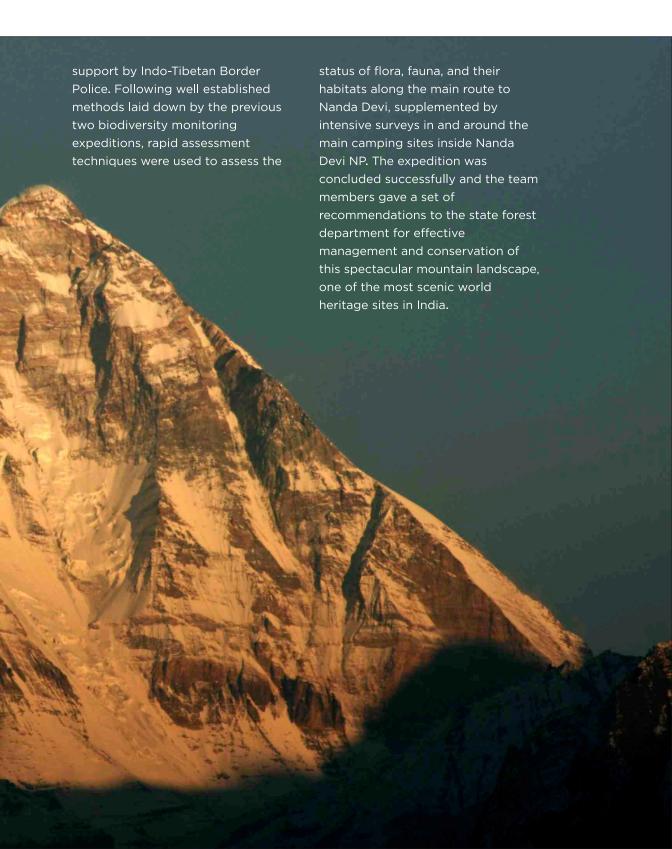
A function of the Centre is to undertake research on identified priority areas related to natural World Heritage protection and management, including focus on models of community participation. The World Heritage Committee also encourages State Parties to support research, since knowledge and understanding are fundamental to the identification, management and monitoring of World Heritage properties.

















COLLABORATIONS

UNESCO C2C India is collaborating with a range of sub-national, national and international institutions and organizations:

- UN Food and Agriculture Organization, India
- University of Montana, United
 States of America
- Deutsche Gesellschaft für Internationale Zusammenarbeit (GIZ) - New Delhi
 - Assam State Disaster Management Authority
- Uttarakhand State Council for Science and Technology, Dehradun (UCOST)
 - · Manipur Forest Department
- · West Bengal Forest Department
 - Odisha Forest Department



Amit Kimar



07 ACCOUNTS



1. Accounting Convention

The Financial Statement is prepared on the basis of historical cost convention, unless otherwise stated and on the accrual method of accounting.

2. Inventory Valuation

a. Stores and Spares (Including Machinery Spare) are valued at cost.

3. Investments

- a. Investments classifieds as "long term investments" are carried at cost.
- b. Investment classified as current are carried at lower cost & fair value. Provision for short fall in the value of such investment is made for each investment considered individually and not on a global basis.
- c. Cost includes acquisition expenses like brokerage, transfer stamps.

4. Fixed Assets

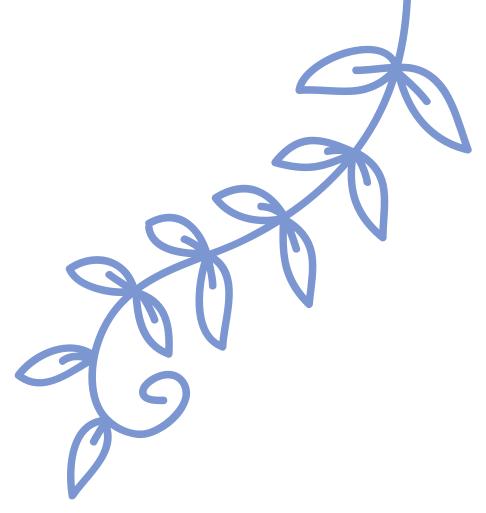
a. Fixed Assets are stated at cost of acquisition inclusive of inward freight, duties & taxes, incidental & direct expenses related to

acquisition. In respect of projects involving constructions, related pre operational (Including interest on loan for specific project prior to its completion), form part of the value of the assets capitalized.

b. Fixed assets received by way of non-monetary grants, (other than towards the corpus fund) are capitalized at values stated by corresponding credit to capital reserve.

5. Depreciation

- a. Depreciation is provided on Written Down Value method as per rates specified in the Income Tax Act, 1961.
- b. When an asset is discarded or sold or deleted the original Cost is deducted from the Gross Block, the W.D.V. is deducted from the W.D.V. Block and accumulated Depreciation on the asset upto the date of deletion is deducted from accumulated depreciation of the respective block.



 c. In respect of addition to/deduction from fixed assets during the year, depreciation is considered on half yearly basis.

6. Miscellaneous Expenditure

Deferred revenue expenditure is written off over a period of 5 years from the year it is incurred.

7. Accounting for Sales

Sales include taxes if any, and are net of sales returns, rebate and trade discount.

8. Government Grants /Subsidies

- a. Government grants of the nature of contribution towards capital cost are transferred to Capital reserve/ Corpus Fund directly.
- b. Government grants of the nature of contribution towards Revenue cost are transferred to Income & Expenditure account (to the extent of grant utilized for revenue purpose) and the surplus or deficit after deducting all the expenses is transferred to Grant Fund/Corpus fund.

- c. Government Grants in respect of contribution towards Earmarked/ Endowment Funds are directly transferred to the respective fund account.
- d. Government grants/subsidy are accounted on realization basis.

9. Foreign Currency Transactions

- a. Transactions denominated in foreign currency are accounted at the exchange rate prevailing at the date of the transaction.
- b. Current assets, foreign currency loans and current liabilities are converted at the exchange rate prevailing at the year end and the resultant gain/loss is adjusted to cost of fixed assets, if the foreign currency liability is related to fixed assets, and in other cases is considered to revenue.
- c. As reported there are no payments on account of foreign travel during the financial year 2015-16



BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31ST MARCH 2016

(All amounts in Indian ₹)

Particulars S	Schedule	Amount	Amount
		2015-16	2014-15
Liabilities			
Grant Fund	А	2,16,74,432.00	50,03,174.00
Fixed Asset Capital Fund	В	13,46,740.00	12,26,078.00
General Fund	С	3,25,843.00	30,331.00
Current Liabilities		-	-
Total in Rs.		2,33,47,015.00	62,59,583.00
Assets			
Gross Fixed Assets Less : Accumulated Depreciation	D	13,46,740.00 6,85,912.00	12,26,078.00 2,72,286.00
Net Fixed Assets		6,60,828.00	9,53,792.00
Current Assets, Loans and Advance	es E	2,26,86,187.00	53,05,791.00
Total in Rs.		2,33,47,015.00	62,59,583.00
"Significant Accounting Policy & Notes to Account"	G		

[&]quot;As Per Our Separate Report of Even Date"

For Goyal Bhanot & Co. Chartered Accountants

-Sd- -Sd- -Sd
CA Rajnish Bhanot Rajiv Gupta Dr. V.B Mathur

[FCA, PARTNER] [Finance Officer] [Director]

INCOME & EXPENDITURE A/C FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 2016

PARTICULARS	Amount	Amount
	2015-16	2014-15
INCOME		
By Grants in Aid (from National CAMPA Advisory Council, Government of India)	1,04,12,367.00	37,70,748.00
By Interest from Bank	7,09,138.00	2,25,617.00
By Miscellaneous Income	92,624.00	77,000.00
By Other Grants	10,02,370.00	
Total in Rs. (A)	1,22,16,499.00	40,73,365.00
EXPENDITURE		
To Salaries & Wages		
Scientists	15,86,057.00	12,90,877.00
Office Staff	45,40,671.00	
To Activity Expenses	36,09,104.00	5,17,371.00
To Operational Expenses	7,69,159.00	
To Inauguration Expenses		4,68,850.00
To Depreciation	4,13,626.00	2,72,286.00
To Expenses for office space		14,93,650.00
To Expenses on Other Grants	10,02,370.00	
Total in Rs. (B)	1,19,20,987.00	40,43,034.00
Excess of Income Over Expenditure (A-B) Transfer to General Fund	2,95,512.00	30,331.00
"As ner our foot note on the halance shee	et of even date "	

[&]quot;As per our foot note on the balance sheet of even date."

For Goyal Bhanot & Co. Chartered Accountants

-Sd- -Sd- -Sd
CA Rajnish Bhanot Rajiv Gupta Dr. V.B Mathur

[FCA, PARTNER] [Finance Officer] [Director]



SCHEDULE FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31ST MARCH 2016

SCHEDULE "A" - GRANT FUND

Particulars	Amount	
	2015-16	
	Grants in Aid from National CAMPA Advisory Council, GOI	
Opeing balance	50,03,174.00	
Add: Grants Received during the year	2,47,37,000.00	
Add: Inter transfer		
Less : Transfer to Fixed Asset Capital Fund	(1,20,662.00)	
Less : Transfer to Income & Expenditure Account	1,04,12,367.00	
Total in Rs.	1,92,07,145.00	

SCHEDULE "B" - FIXED ASSET CAPITAL FUND

Particulars	Amount
	2015-16
Opening Balance	12,26,078.00
Add : Transfer from Grant Fund Account	1,20,662.00
Total in Rs.	13,46,740.00

For Goyal Bhanot & Co. Chartered Accountants

-Sd- -Sd- -Sd-

CA Rajnish BhanotRajiv GuptaDr. V.B Mathur[FCA, PARTNER][Finance Officer][Director]

— ANNUAL REPORT 2015-16 — 44/45 —

	Total	Amount
	2015-16	2014-15
Other Grants (As per schedule F)		
	50,03,174.00	1,00,00,000.00
34,69,657.00	2,82,06,657.00	
	(1,20,662.00)	(12,26,078.00)
10,02,370.00	1,14,14,737.00	(37,70,748.00)
24,67,287.00	2,16,74,432.00	50,03,174.00

Amount	
2014-15	
12,26,078.00	
12,26,078.00	





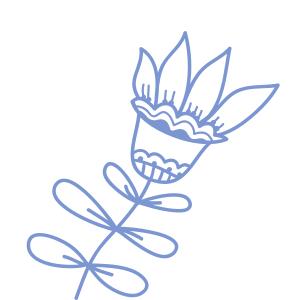
SCHEDULE FORMING PART OF BALANCE SHEET AS ON 31ST MARCH 2016

SCHEDULE " C" - GENERAL FUND

Particulars	Amount
	2015-16
Opening Balance	30,331.00
Add : Transfer from Income & Expenditure Account	2,95,512.00
Total in Rs.	3,25,843.00

SCHEDULE "D" - FIXED ASSETS & DEPRECIATION

Particulars	Gross Block			
	Balance as on 01.04.2015	Addition during the year Before After 30.09.2015 30.09.2015	Total	
PLANT & MACHINERY				
Office & Laboratory	4,24,621.00	1,20,662.00	5,45,283.00	
COMPUTER & PRINTERS	8,01,457.00		8,01,457.00	
Total in Rs.	12,26,078.00	1,20,662.00 -	13,46,740.00	



— ANNUAL REPORT 2015-16 — 46/47 —

Amount
2014-15
30,331.00
30,331.00



Rate	Depreciation			Net Bl	ock
	Upto	For the	Total	Balance	Balance
		Year		as on	as on
	31.03.2015	31.03.2016		31.03.2015	31.03.2016
15%	31,848.00	77,015.00	1,08,863.00	3,92,773.00	4,36,420.00
60%	2,40,438.00	3,36,611.00	5,77,049.00	5,61,019.00	2,24,408.00
	2,72,286.00	4,13,626.00	6,85,912.00	9,53,792.00	6,60,828.00



SCHEDULE " E" - CURRENT ASSETS LOANS & ADVANCES

RENT ASSETS nk Balances with Scheduled Banks Saving A/c No. 518502010054034	2015-16	
nk Balances with Scheduled Banks	477.07.00	
	.== .=	
Saving A/c No. 518502010054034	475.05.004.00	
<u>.</u>	1,75,05,984.00	
[On Interest on Fixed Deposit F Y 2014-15]	14,424.00	
[On Interest on Fixed Deposit F Y 2015-16]	2,288.00	
IS & ADVANCES		
vances		
ing Advance To Central Construction Unit	50,00,000.00	
ital Work In Progress]		
rest Advance	25,000.00	
vel Advance	1,38,491.00	
	2,26,86,187.00	
	Saving A/c No. 518502010054034 S [On Interest on Fixed Deposit F Y 2014-15] S [On Interest on Fixed Deposit F Y 2015-16] IS & ADVANCES Vances ing Advance To Central Construction Unit ital Work In Progress] rest Advance vel Advance	2,288.00 IS & ADVANCES vances ing Advance To Central Construction Unit 50,00,000.00 ital Work In Progress] rest Advance vel Advance 1,38,491.00

SCHEDULE "F"-Details Of Other Grants

S. No.	Details of Other Grants	Date of receipt	
1	University of Montana - Eco Tourism	22/03/2016	
2	GHNP- Conduction Wild Life Training	08/03/2016	
3	Orissa GovtNomination Dossier of the Bhitarkanika Cons. Area	13/08/2015	
		28/12/2015	
		22/03/2016	
	UCOST - Open Standard Workshop	02/11/2015	
Total in Rs.			

For Goyal Bhanot & Co. Chartered Accountants

-Sd- -Sd- -Sd-**CA Rajnish Bhanot**[FCA, PARTNER]

[Finance Officer]

[Director]

Amount

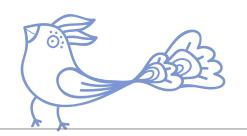
2014-15

2,91,367.00

14,424.00

50,00,000.00





Amount	Amount Expended	Balance	
2,87,457.00	2,20,174.00	67,283.00	
1,50,000.00	1,31,254.00	18,746.00	
11,20,000.00	4,20,942.00	6,99,058.00	
11,20,000.00		11,20,000.00	
5,62,200.00		5,62,200.04	
2,30,000.00	2,30,000.00	-	
34,69,657.00	10,02,370.00	24,67,287.00	



RECEIPTS & PAYMENT A/C FOR THE YEAR ENDING 31ST MARCH 2016

PARTICULARS	Amount	Amount
	2015-16	2014-15
Receipts		
Balance as on 01.04.2015		
Cash at Bank		
UBI Saving A/c No. 518502010054034	2,91,367.00	1,00,00,000.00
To Grant from Compensatory Afforestation Fund Management and Planing Authority	2,47,37,000.00	
To Receipts Other Grants	34,69,657.00	
To Bank Interest	7,09,138.00	2,25,617.00
To Miscellaneous Receipts	92,624.00	77,000.00
Total in Rs. (A)	2,92,99,786.00	1,03,02,617.00
Payments		
By Salaries & Wages		
Scientists	15,86,057.00	12,90,877.00
Office Staff	45,40,671.00	
By Activity Expenses	36,09,104.00	5,17,371.00
By Operational Expenses	7,69,159.00	
By Inaguration Expenses		4,68,850.00
By Expenses for office space		14,93,650.00
By Building Advance		50,00,000.00
Capital Expenditure from Grant of FY 2015-16		
By Office & Labrotary	1,20,662.00	12,26,078.00
Total carried forward	1,06,25,653.00	99,96,826.00

PARTICULARS	Amount	Amount
PARTICULARS		,
	2015-16	2014-15
Total brought forward	1,06,25,653.00	99,96,826.00
By Expenses on Other Grants	10,02,370.00	
By Forest Advance	25,000.00	
By Travel Advance	1,38,491.00	
By TDS [On Interest on Fixed Deposit]	2,288.00	14,424.00
Total in Rs. (B)	1,17,93,802.00	1,00,11,250.00
By Balance (A-B) as on 31 March 2016		
Cash at Bank		
UBI Saving A/c No. 518502010054034	1,75,05,984.00	2,91,367.00

For Goyal Bhanot & Co. Chartered Accountants

CA Rajnish Bhanot Rajiv Gupta Dr. V.B Mathur
[FCA, PARTNER] [Finance Officer] [Director]

C2C TEAM



Dr. Sonali Ghosh, IFS,



Dr. Bhumesh Singh Technical Officer



Ms. Persis Farooqy World Heritage Assistant



Mr. Kehar Singh Administrative Officer



Dr. Manoj Nair, IFS, Scientist-F



Dr. Chitiz Joshi Asst. Technical Officer



Ms. Rupa World Heritage Assistant



Mr. Rajeev Thapa IT Officer



Dr. Malvika Onial Scientist-E



Mr. Anukul Nath Asst. Technical Officer



Ms. Jyoti Negi World Heritage Assistant



Mr. Rajiv Gupta Finance Officer



Dr. V.B. Mathur Director



Mr. Niraj Kakati Technical Officer



Mr. Dhruv Verma World Heritage Assistant



Mrs. Poonam Sati Office Assistant



Mr. Vivek Sarkar Project Biologist